

# Irish Manuscripts Commission

## Coimisiún Lámhscríbhinní na hÉireann

Catalogue 2013 – 2014  
Catalóg 2013 – 2014





Trebar each conoi a  
fintid oigi foric
















Prudent is he who maintains  
his inheritance  
entire as he finds it



Coimisiún Lámhscríbhinní na hÉireann,  
45 Cearnóg Mhuirfean, Baile Átha Cliath 2, Éire.

Irish Manuscripts Commission,  
45 Merrion Square, Dublin 2, Ireland.  
[www.irishmanuscripts.ie](http://www.irishmanuscripts.ie)

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## ORDERING IMC BOOKS

Irish Manuscripts Commission books are available for purchase online through our website at [www.irishmanuscripts.ie](http://www.irishmanuscripts.ie) or through bookshops generally. **All books are hardback unless otherwise stated.**

Irish Manuscripts Commission (IMC) books are distributed to the trade by Gill and Macmillan Distribution. To open an account or place an order, contact sales staff as follows:

Gill and Macmillan Distribution  
Hume Avenue  
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Phone: + 353 1 500 9555  
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In you have any difficulties with either of these options, please contact:

Robert Towers  
2 The Crescent  
Monkstown  
Co. Dublin

Phone: + 353 1 280 6532  
Fax: + 353 1 280 6020  
[rtowers@indigo.ie](mailto:rtowers@indigo.ie)

## ABOUT THE IRISH MANUSCRIPTS COMMISSION

Since 1928, when the Commission was established by the Irish Government, scholarship and learning have expanded beyond anything that could have been conceived at the time. The Commission has played a significant role in this process by publishing to the highest scholarly standard editions, calendars and lists of primary materials.

The Irish Manuscripts Commission is committed to promoting public awareness of primary source materials and their importance for the history, heritage and culture of Ireland.

The experience gained by the Commission over the years makes it especially suited to advise on policy towards preserving and making accessible sources of our past.

Through its publication programme, the Commission can bring these sources to the widest possible readership within Ireland and worldwide.

Ó 1928, nuair a bhunaigh Rialtas na hÉireann an Coimisiún, tá borradh thar cuimse tagtha ar léann is foghlaim na tire. Bhí páirt nach beag ag an gCoimisiún sa phróiseas seo ag foilsiú, den chaighdeán is aoirde, eagráin, cailenadair agus liostaí de bhunabhair.

Tá cúram ar an gCoimisiún eolas poiblí a chur chun cinn faoi fhoinsí bhunabhair agus a dtabhacht i leith stair, oidhreacht and cultúr na hÉireann.

Leis an cleachtadh atá faighte ag an gCoimisiún le blianta anuas tá ar a chumas comhairle a thabhairt ar pholasaí faoi chaomhnú agus inrochtaineacht fhoinsí stairiúla.

Tríd a chlár foilseacháin tá ar chumas an Choimisiúin na foinsí seo a chur ós chomhar an phobail is fairsinge in Éirinn agus ar fud an domhain.

# ORIGINS AND THE WORK OF THE IRISH MANUSCRIPTS COMMISSION

President of the Executive Council William T. Cosgrave announced the establishment of the Irish Manuscripts Commission in the Dáil on 17 October 1928. Its brief was to report on the nature, extent and importance of manuscripts of historical interest relating to Ireland, to undertake their publication as necessary and advise on their protection and preservation. The Commission held its first meeting at 5 Ely Place, Dublin on 15 January 1929.

Bringing together scholars from across Ireland, the Commission has always been a representative independent voice in the cultural heritage sector and its cross-border membership has given it an important North-South dimension.

IMC is at the cutting edge of historical scholarship and, on occasion, of technological innovation. In the 1930s the Commission introduced new photographic and printing techniques, including microfilming, to Ireland. In recent years IMC has been involved in developing a policy on best practice in digitisation.

## MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION

### AND THEIR ROLE

Led by Chairman Eoin MacNeill, the members of IMC — Ireland's leading historians, librarians and archivists — began work in 1929 with an ambitious attempt to gather the most important of the remaining source materials for Ireland's histories. They sought copies of what had been lost in the Four Courts fire in the great archives of Britain and Europe

and, often through specially appointed inspectors, searched for new and undiscovered materials while demonstrating at local and national level the importance of preserving historical sources.

During the paper shortages of the Second World War the members of the Commission alerted the Irish public to the need to safeguard valuable records, which could be destroyed by accident. They also urged Government departments to ensure the security of historic records from possible wartime damage, particularly destruction from air attack.

Since the 1950s, under successive chairmen—R. I. Best, Edward MacLysaght, Rev. Patrick Corish, Rev. Donal Cregan, Brian Trainor, Geoffrey Hand and James McGuire—IMC has advocated the need to develop viable national structures for the preservation of historical sources.

From the 1960s IMC pioneered the preservation of records in private hands, most importantly, business records.

## PUBLICATIONS

Through its publications IMC has for more than eighty years made the fundamentals of Irish history accessible to the widest audience. In its early years the Commission published the great codices of early, medieval and early modern Irish history. Since the 1990s the Commission has consciously broadened its remit to publish primary source material from all ages and centuries of Irish history.

To date IMC has published 186 editions of primary sources for periods from the medieval to the twentieth century. Single volume and multi-volume, transcripts, facsimiles and calendars, these editions cover events of central importance to the history of the island of Ireland.

Several series are included in these publications, the most important of which are: *The Civil Survey, 1654–56* edited by R. C. Simington (10 vols, 1931–61); *Calendar of Ormond Deeds* edited by Edmund Curtis (6 vols, 1932–43); *Commentarius Rinuccinianus* edited by Fr Stanislaus Kavanagh (6 vols, 1932–49); *The Correspondence of Daniel O'Connell* edited by Maurice O'Connell (8 vols, 1973–7).

Forty-four issues of IMC's serial publication, *Analecta Hibernica*, have been published since the first volume in 1930 edited by James Hogan of University College Cork. Today *Analecta Hibernica* is edited by James Kelly of St Patrick's College, Drumcondra and it continues to publish important documents that are too short to form a stand-alone publication. In the early days it played an important role in the publication of reports by the Commission's inspectors on collections of documents in public and private archives.

IMC looks forward to the future with renewed energy, fully committed to raising awareness of the scholarship contained in its publications and to making that knowledge available to the widest possible audiences via print and digital editions.

### Reconstructing Ireland's Past: a history of the Irish Manuscripts Commission

Michael Kennedy and Deirdre McMahon



Written to mark the 80th anniversary of the foundation of the Irish Manuscripts Commission, this book records the history of the IMC and its role in preserving sources for Irish history since 1928. After 80 years, and having published over 170 editions of historical documents and 43 issues of its serial publication (*Analecta Hibernica*), IMC

continues to promote the development of history as a discipline in Ireland and it supports a wide range of initiatives to improve public awareness of the importance of historical sources and of the need to preserve those sources.

*...we have been blessed with a highly engaging and compelling study of one of Ireland's most revered and deserving institutions.*

—GERARD O'BRIEN, *IRISH HISTORICAL STUDIES*

ISBN 978-1-874280-50-7, xxiv + 210 pp, €40, 2009

*Michael Kennedy is the editor of the Royal Irish Academy's series Documents in Irish Foreign Policy and Deirdre McMahon lectures in 20th century history at the University of Limerick. Both are members of IMC since 2006.*

## Commemorative editions

### Letters to and from internment camps in Ireland, 1920–1921

William Murphy, *editor*

November 1920 marked a turning-point in the Irish War of Independence as increasing violence prompted the British authorities to institute a range of stronger security measures, including widespread internment.

In the following months internment camps were established at locations across Ireland, including Ballykinlar, Co. Down, the Curragh, Co. Kildare, and Spike and Bere Islands in Co. Cork. 3,311 men were held at these places by late June 1921.

The letters transcribed in this edition throw light on the impact of internment on the families and communities of the internees as well as the conditions and conflicts in the camps and the camp cultures that emerged. More importantly, the correspondence expresses the loneliness of husbands, the anxiety of mothers, and the solidarity of siblings.

ISBN 978-1-906865-30-6, 2015

### British perspectives on the 1916 Rising

Deirdre McMahon, *editor*

The first of the two collections presented in this volume consists of British military and intelligence records from the de Valera Papers in UCD Archives. These papers were given to de Valera in 1967 when he was President of Ireland and contain documents not available in other archives in Ireland or Britain. Extending from March 1916 to the spring of 1917, they contain correspondence between the Irish Executive at Dublin Castle and the Irish Command at Parkgate Street, and between GHQ Home Forces, the War Office and the British Cabinet in London. Included are reports on the activities of Sinn Féin and the Irish Volunteers, the Rising in Dublin and the subsequent executions and aftermath.

The second collection of documents consists of the 1916 papers of Andrew Bonar Law. Bonar Law was the leader of the Conservative Party who in December 1916 became Chancellor of the Exchequer and Leader of the Commons. The papers place the Rising within the context of the First World War and the need to secure active American support for the British war effort. They include descriptions of the fighting in Dublin, and the arrest and execution of the leaders including Roger Casement. The Bonar Law documents also chart the British government's efforts to find a political solution in the wake of the Rising, notably the Lloyd George proposals in the early summer of 1916. Recruiting for the war, the threat of conscription, and the gradual decline of John Redmond and the Irish Party are other prominent subjects in 1916–17.

ISBN 978-1-906865-31-3, 2015



### The correspondence of James Ussher, 1600–1656

Elizabethanne Boran, *editor*



James Ussher constructed a circle of correspondents that spread across the religious boundaries and disciplinary fields of seventeenth-century Europe. He has justifiably been described as Trinity College Dublin's greatest scholar and one of the most influential intellectuals of early modern Europe. His correspondence reflects his political and ecclesiastical role at the head of the Church of

Ireland at a crucial time of forging its identity as a separate enclave from the Church of England but it is his scholarly network which reveals his pivotal role in Irish, British and European intellectual life.

This edition of the Ussher correspondence provides a vital research tool for anyone interested in the connections between Irish and European intellectual, cultural, religious and political life in the first half of the seventeenth-century.

ISBN 978-1-874280-89-7 in 3 volumes, xlix + 1189 pp plus indexes, €130, 2013

*Elizabethanne Boran is Librarian of the Edward Worth Library, Dr Steevens' Hospital, Dublin.*

### Letterbook of George, 16th earl of Kildare

Aidan Clarke and Brid McGrath, *editors*



The letterbook presented here consists for the most part of copies of the incoming correspondence of George FitzGerald (1612–1656/7), 16th earl of Kildare, from 1628, when he was sixteen years of age, to 1634, with a few later items. The letters deal principally with matters arising from the acquisition of George's wardship by Richard Boyle, 1st earl of Cork, in 1629 and the attainment of his majority in 1633, but the ever-present theme is the condition of the Kildare estates. The letterbook is in the Public Record Office of Northern Ireland.

The text is supplemented by a transcription of BL MS Add. 19937, a schedule of lands in Ireland belonging to the earl of Kildare and relations but in the possession of others. This was for use in identifying and discovering lands affected by an ongoing dispute with Lady Lettice Digby.

ISBN 978-1-906865-28-3, xiv + 148 pp, €30, 2013

*Aidan Clarke is Emeritus Erasmus Smith's Professor of Modern History at Trinity College Dublin and Brid McGrath is an historian of the 17th century.*

### The letterbook of Richard Hare, Cork merchant, 1771–1772

James O'Shea, *editor*



Relatively little primary source material on mercantile activities in Cork survives for the eighteenth century. The Hare letterbook is by far the most comprehensive extant work for a Cork export business and it contains 843 letters covering the period 1771 to 1772 (with occasional gaps). It records Richard Hare's exchanges with some 265 correspondents, mostly in Britain (London, Bristol and Liverpool), but also in Ireland, the West Indies and Europe.

The correspondence recorded in this merchant letterbook provides an important primary source for local history, genealogy, biography, landed estates, social and economic history, and for students of business administration.

ISBN 978-1-906865-17-7, xx + 277 pp, €35, 2013

*James O'Shea is an electrical engineer based in Cork with an interest in Cork's mercantile history.*

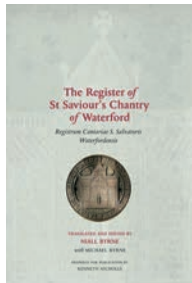
## The Register of St Saviour's Chantry of Waterford –

*Registrum Cantariae S. Salvatoris Waterfordensis*

Niall Byrne, *editor*

with Michael Byrne

prepared for publication by Kenneth Nicholls



BL Harleian MS 3765, *Registrum Cantariae S. Salvatoris Waterfordensis*, the Register of St Saviour's Chantry of Waterford, is the only surviving register of a medieval Irish chantry and provides details of the running of a pre-Reformation Irish cathedral church. In particular it allows glimpses of the theology of the clergy of that era, and permits an examination of the fruits of that

theology in action. Relating mostly to the period from 1468 to 1482, the earliest record is 1435 and the latest 1535.

The text presented here is a translation of a Latin transcription of the original manuscript. Along with the Great Parchment Book of Waterford and the Great Charter Roll of Waterford, the register provides a trilogy of records for Waterford city during the medieval period.

ISBN 978-1-906865-48-1, xvi + 84 pp, €25, 2013

*Niall Byrne (1934–2012) served as Veterinary Officer of Waterford City Council from 1994 to 2011 and held a PhD in history from UCC.*

## The proclamations of Ireland, 1660–1820

James Kelly with Mary Ann Lyons, *editors*



The proclamation was a crucial instrument of government and administration in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries; it was also the most frequently encountered item of official print. Long published, promulgated and posted in the immediately recognisable broadside format, and subsequently printed in the *Dublin Gazette*, proclamations were normally issued by the Lord

Lieutenant (or Lords Justices) and Privy Council. Since they engaged with virtually every aspect of government, they were an essential complement to acts of parliament in the governance and administration of the kingdom. This edition, arranged in five volumes, presents the texts, or a detailed guide to the content of some 2,500 proclamations, and allied documents, issued in Ireland as follows:

Volume 1: Charles II, 1660–85, ISBN 978-1-906865-18-4, lxxxii + 455 pp + index, €60, 2013;

Volume 2: James II, 1685–91; William and Mary, 1689–1702; Anne, 1702–14, ISBN 978-1-906865-19-1, lxii + 607 pp + index, €60, 2013;

Volume 3: George I, 1714–27 and George II, 1727–60, ISBN 978-1-906865-20-7, lxii + 522 pp + index, €60, 2013;

Volume 4: George III, Part 1: 1760–90, ISBN 978-1-906865-21-4, lxi + 510 pp + index, €60, 2013;

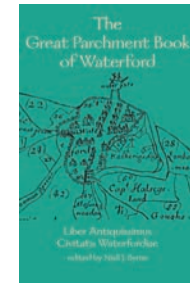
Volume 5: George III, Part 2: 1791–1820, ISBN 978-1-906865-22-1, lxii + 563 pp + index, €60, 2013.

*James Kelly, MRLA is Cregan Professor of History at St Patrick's College, Drumcondra and Mary Ann Lyons, FRHS is Professor of History at NUI Maynooth.*

## Great Parchment Book of Waterford –

*Liber Antiquissimus Civitatis Waterfordiae*

Niall Byrne, *editor*



Preserved in the Waterford Museum of treasures, the *Liber Antiquissimus Civitatis Waterfordiae* or the Great Parchment Book of Waterford is an exceptional record of an Irish municipality. Compiled mostly between the mid-fifteenth and mid-seventeenth centuries, it also includes copies of records relating to the city of Waterford dating back to the early thirteenth century.

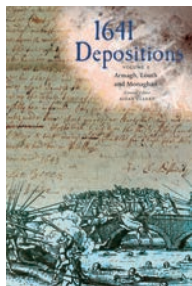
It provides, therefore, a detailed account of the history of Waterford from the medieval period through to the turbulent years of the 1640s. Written originally in Norman French, Latin and English, Niall Byrne's edition incorporates English translations of all the texts and thus makes this valuable manuscript accessible to a wide readership. Of particular interest are the illustrated folios, the most significant of which are reproduced here in full colour. They reveal the disquiet within the municipal community at the religious and political changes of the late sixteenth and seventeenth centuries.

ISBN 978-1-906865-47-4, xxxiii + 300 pp + 16 pp colour insert, €25, 2007 reprinted 2013, paperback

*Niall Byrne (1934–2012) served as Veterinary Officer of Waterford City Council from 1994 to 2011 and held a PhD in history from UCC.*

### 1641 Depositions

Aidan Clarke, *general editor*



The *1641 Depositions* are witness testimonies mainly by Protestants, but also by some Catholics, from all social backgrounds, concerning their experiences of the 1641 Irish rebellion. The testimonies document the loss of goods, military activity, and the alleged crimes committed by the Irish insurgents. This body of material is unparalleled anywhere in early modern Europe, and provides a

unique source of information for the causes and events surrounding the 1641 rebellion and for the social, economic, cultural, religious, and political history of seventeenth-century Ireland, England and Scotland. In total, 19,010 manuscript pages in 31 bound volumes have been transcribed and are arranged for publication as follows:

Volume I: Armagh, Louth & Monaghan  
ISBN 978-1-906865-25-2, xxxvi + 356 pp, €50, 2013

Volume II: Cavan & Fermanagh  
ISBN 978-1-906865-26-9, xxxii + 591 pp, €50, 2013

Volume III: Antrim, Derry, Donegal, Down & Tyrone  
ISBN 978-1-906865-27-6, c. xxxiv + 605 pp, €50, 2013

*Aidan Clarke is Emeritus Erasmus Smith's Professor of Modern History at Trinity College Dublin.*

Volume IV: Dublin  
ISBN 978-1-906865-38-2

Volume V: Kildare & Meath  
ISBN 978-1-906865-39-9

Volume VI: Laois & Offaly  
ISBN 978-1-906865-40-5

Volume VII: Wexford  
ISBN 978-1-906865-41-2

Volume VIII: Carlow, Kilkenny, Waterford & Wicklow  
ISBN 978-1-906865-42-9

Volume IX: Clare, Kerry, Limerick & Tipperary  
ISBN 978-1-906865-43-6

Volume X: Cork, Part 1  
ISBN 978-1-906865-44-3

Volume XI: Cork, Part 2  
ISBN 978-1-906865-45-0

Volume XII: Connacht, Westmeath & Longford  
ISBN 978-1-906865-46-7

All volumes available separately. Volumes IV- XII published 2014 onwards.

## Digitising the IMC heritage

Recognising the importance of digitisation in the preservation of sources for Irish history and culture, IMC is making its editions of primary sources accessible online to the widest possible audience.

In 2013–14 IMC will continue to digitise its out-of-print publications. Forty-six editions are currently available to read and search on the IMC website, including major series such as the *Books of survey and distribution*, *Ormond deeds* and *The correspondence of Daniel O'Connell*. Seventy more titles will be added to this online resource in 2013.



IMC regards the digitising of its backlist as an intrinsic part of its public service remit to improve access to and awareness of the primary manuscript sources it has preserved in print. Within the means and resources available to it, IMC makes every effort to source and credit the rights owners of all material used on the Digital Editions section of its website.

IMC invites rights owner who believe they have not been properly identified on the IMC website to contact IMC by e-mail at [support@irishmanuscripts.ie](mailto:support@irishmanuscripts.ie) or by telephone at + 353 1 676 1610.



### **Verse travesty in Restoration Ireland: 'Purgatorium Hibernicum', with 'The Fingallian Travesty'**

Andrew Carpenter, *editor*

The manuscripts of the 'Purgatorium Hibernicum' (c. 1670) and 'The Fingallian Travesty' (1686), together with the printed *Irish Hudibras* (1689), constitute a significant group of unexplored literary texts from Restoration Ireland. Though all are versions — in coarse, rhyming Hiberno-English and 'Fingallian' — of the same verse travesty of Book VI of the *Æneid*, they differ widely from each other.

For this edition, the text of the 'Purgatorium' — the longest and most interesting of the three — is presented as it appears in the manuscript, with Virgil's noble lines copied out below each passage of bawdy, exaggerated 'stage-Irish' verse, and intermittent sidenotes providing explications of the verse in Latin, English and Irish. The Hiberno-English text itself contains otherwise unrecorded linguistic coinages as well as syntactical and grammatical features borrowed from Irish.

The second text, 'The Fingallian Travesty', though derived from the same source as the 'Purgatorium', was designed for a readership in England and clarifies many of the obscurities in the 'Purgatorium'. It is printed as an appendix to this edition. Reference is also made to the 1689 London printing of *The Irish Hudibras*. Scholars of many disciplines, particularly cultural, linguistic, literary and social historians, will find much to interest them in these hitherto inaccessible texts.

ISBN 978-1-906865-15-3, 2014

*Andrew Carpenter, MRIA, FEA is Emeritus Professor of English at University College Dublin.*

### **Mapping Ireland c. 1550–1636: a catalogue of manuscript maps of Ireland**

Annaleigh Margey, *editor*

This book provides the first combined catalogue and visual portfolio of all extant manuscript maps of Ireland. Surveying and mapping were core elements of English plantation policy and practice in Ireland; they were crucial for ascertaining the extent and quality of lands escheated to the Crown and monitoring the progress of plantations throughout Ireland.

The catalogue contains data and images of c. 600 maps (some never published before) and has a strong geographical structure by province, county, location and date.

ISBN 978-1-906865-03-0, c. 600 pp, 325 mm x 440 mm, c. €150, 2014

### **The Acts of James II's Irish Parliament of 1689**

John Bergin and Andrew Lyall, *editors*

This is the first scholarly edition of the extant acts of King James II's Irish parliament of 1689. The text is taken from the earliest copies of the twenty-five surviving acts, and supersedes older editions which were neither comprehensive nor based on the most authentic sources.

John Bergin is a Visiting Research Fellow in the School of History and Anthropology, Queen's University Belfast, and Andrew Lyall taught land law and legal anthropology in the Faculty of Law at University College Dublin from 1980 until his retirement in 2007.

ISBN 978-1-906865-49-8, c. 200 pp, 2014

### **Catholics and Protestants in eighteenth-century Ireland: Irish religious censuses of the 1760s**

Brian Gurrin and Kerby Miller with Liam Kennedy, *editors*

This edition presents abstracted religious census data from the two national religious surveys conducted in Ireland during the 1760s: the first, during 1764 and 1765, by the hearth-money collectors, and the second, in the first half of 1766, by the parish ministers of the Established Church.

This edition has identified surviving material from both surveys and abstracted the data and compiled it by administrative divisions, into a consistent, standardised format. Colour distribution maps are included for each county.

Researchers examining developments in eighteenth-century Irish society and social inquiry will find these sources extremely useful. No other pre-census source comes close to providing the wealth of demographic and social information contained in these censuses.

ISBN 978-1-906865-29-0, 2014

## Announcing titles for 2014–16

### **A calendar of Irish Chancery Letters c. 1244–1509**

Peter Crooks, *editor*

The Irish chancery was a key organ of English government in medieval Ireland. The original rolls of chancery suffered a series of calamities from the late thirteenth century onwards, culminating in 1922 with an explosion in the Public Record Office of Ireland at the Four Courts, Dublin. *A calendar of Irish Chancery Letters, c. 1244–1509*, is being created by collating all known transcripts and calendars of Irish chancery letters ranging in date from the fourteenth to nineteenth centuries. These records are located in various archival repositories in Ireland and the United Kingdom.

This calendar will advance our understanding of the ‘making of Ireland’ between the high Middle Ages and the dawn of the modern era. This edition is arranged as follows:

Volume I: Henry III to Edward II (1244–1327)  
ISBN 978-1-906865-32-0;

Volume II: Edward III (1327–77)  
ISBN 978-1-906865-33-7;

Volume III: Richard II and Henry IV (1377–1413)  
ISBN 978-1-906865-34-4;

Volume IV: Henry V to Henry VII (1413–1509)  
ISBN 978-1-906865-35-1.

4 volumes, available separately, 2016

IMC participates in **Culture Night**, held each year in September, when it showcases its publications and the work of IMC to highlight the relevance and value of preserving records of all kinds, personal, business and government.

In 2012 IMC launched an advisory leaflet (also available online) which addresses questions asked frequently by the public on Culture Night concerning the preservation and safe keeping of personal records.



### Arrangements for the integration of Irish immigrants in England and Wales

by Anthony E. C. W. Spencer. Mary E. Daly, *editor*



This is the first publication of a report commissioned by the International Catholic Migration Commission (ICMC) on Irish immigrants in England and Wales and the response to that report from the Catholic Social Welfare Bureau (CWSB) which had responsibility for the religious and moral welfare of Irish immigrants. The report was prepared for the ICMC by Anthony

Spencer when he was director of the Newman Demographic Survey (NDS). Though the report was prepared for presentation to the ICMC's congress in Ottawa in August 1960, it was never presented there, nor published by Spencer following the de-classification of all NDS reports and papers in 2005.

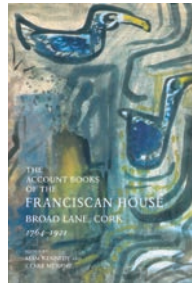
Spencer's observations on religious practice and the role of religion in the lives of Irish men and women at home and abroad can be ranked among the first studies in the sociology of religion in Ireland. The controversy which Spencer's report triggered is an important insight into the attitudes of an important section of the Irish (and British) hierarchy towards Irish migrants and Irish society in 1960.

ISBN 978-1-906865-11-5, xviii + 136 pp, €35, 2012

*Anthony Spencer was the former director of the Newman Demographic Survey and a lecturer at Queen's University, Belfast. Mary E. Daly is a professor of history at University College Dublin.*

### The account books of the Franciscan House, Broad Lane, Cork, 1764–1921

Liam Kennedy and Clare Murphy, *editors*



The records of the Catholic Church in Ireland have a greater significance for the study of the past than is true of many other western European countries. This is partly because of the destruction of Irish public records in the early twentieth century but also because the Roman Catholic church and its various institutions possessed a degree of continuity, formal organization and geographical coverage that is unmatched by any other private body.

The Franciscan Order in Ireland kept especially good records. While the potential of these archival treasures has yet to be fully realized, this volume makes available for the first time a substantial slice of the records of the famous Franciscan convent at Broad Lane in the city of Cork. These unique sources consist of the hand-written account books that recorded the day-to-day expenditures of the Cork Franciscans, stretching from the year 1764 through to 1921. The books offer a revealing window on economic, social and cultural change in the city, while also throwing light on the progress of the Cork Franciscans, and the Catholic church more generally, in this formative period of modern Irish history.

ISBN 978-1-906865-24-5, xx + 949 pp, €80, 2012

*Liam Kennedy is Emeritus Professor of Economic and Social History at Queen's University, Belfast. Dr Clare Murphy is a former tutor and lecturer in modern history at the School of History and Anthropology, Queen's University, Belfast.*

### Infanticide in the Irish Crown Files at Assizes, 1883–1900

Elaine F. Farrell, *editor*



This book presents records relating to 115 suspected infant murder and concealment of birth cases detected in Ireland between 1883 and 1900. The material transcribed in this volume, taken from the Crown Files at Assizes held at the National Archives of Ireland, comprises 1,140 witness statements sworn before coroners and magistrates.

Statements from police officers, doctors and the suspect's wider social circle provide much detailed information about the operation of the legal system and lived realities of nineteenth-century Ireland. They highlight contemporary attitudes towards illegitimacy, single mothers and the extent to which an unwanted pregnancy impacted upon entire households.

This text offers a unique insight into the intimate lives of some of Ireland's inhabitants during the late nineteenth century.

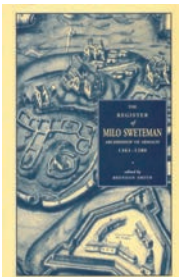
ISBN 978-1-906865-23-8, xxviii + 545 pp, €65, 2012

*Elaine Farrell is a lecturer at the School of History and Anthropology, Queen's University, Belfast.*

# Registers of the archbishops of Armagh

## The Register of Milo Sweteman, Archbishop of Armagh, 1361–1380

Brendan Smith, *editor*



Milo Sweteman was Archbishop of Armagh during one of the most turbulent periods in Irish history. His register, the first of its kind to survive from medieval Ireland, offers remarkable insights into how the Church operated in the midst of a divided society in the middle of the fourteenth century.

The register recounts Sweteman's disputes over ecclesiastical primacy

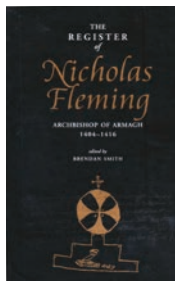
with the Archbishop of Dublin and his uneasy relations with Irish rulers such as Niall Ó Néill who threatened 'like a pope or an emperor' to seize all his lands in Armagh, Ó hAnluain who assaulted and threatened his servants, and Mac Aonghusa who made a devastating raid into County Louth in 1374.

ISBN 978-1-874280-07-1, xxv + 318 pp, €40, 1996

ISBN 978-1-874280-46-0, paperback, €20, 1996

## The Register of Nicholas Fleming, Archbishop of Armagh, 1404–1416

Brendan Smith, *editor*



Nicholas Fleming was Archbishop of Armagh at a time when English power in Ireland was at its weakest, and when the western Church was bitterly divided by schism. His attempts to maintain peace and order in his troubled province, and his involvement in initiatives to restore the prestige of the papacy are two aspects of his busy primacy that receive attention in his register.

Issues dealt with in Fleming's register show that, like Sweteman, he was still trying to protect his tenants from the rapacity of Ó Néill and Ó hAnluain, while the poverty of his own diocese encouraged him to look to the church in Meath for resources.

ISBN 978-1-874280-75-0, xvii + 312 pp, €40, 2003

## The Register of Octavian de Palatio, Archbishop of Armagh, 1478–1513

Mario Sughì, *editor*



The register of Archbishop Octavian casts a new light on the whole of the Irish church and society at the close of the middle ages. A sophisticated system of ecclesiastical courts, working subject to the archbishop, is revealed.

A picture of an entire society, its organization and its mentality, emerges from the accounts of dispossessed priests, illegally married couples, forgers, perjurers and a myriad of

litigants and offenders who came before the officials of the courts to reveal their stories and make amends for their faults.

This two-volume boxed set allows the reader full access to one of the richest sources of Irish medieval history. Volume I presents an historical introduction and synopses of the documents and Volume II presents Latin transcriptions of the original manuscript.

ISBN 978-1-874280-96-5, xcix + 146 and 893 pp, 2 volumes, slipcased, €65, 1999

### About the Registers of the Archbishops of Armagh

Since the destruction of the public and other records in the Four Courts in 1922, one of the most important collections of original medieval records to survive in Ireland are the seven volumes of what are commonly known as the Armagh Registers. To date full transcriptions of the records of Archbishops Sweteman, Fleming and Octavian have been published by IMC. Together with the separately published records of Archbishop Mey they provide historians of late medieval Ireland with a rich source, which

until now was available only in manuscript. Relevant to historians of ecclesiastical history, the registers also provide much information relating to the political, social and economic conditions of the time. Each of the three IMC editions contain the full Latin text of the original manuscript, annotated and with English summaries for each entry, and are further enhanced by indices of both persons and places and subjects and procedure.

### About the Calendar of Papal Registers series

The Papal Registers preserved in the Vatican Archives cover the period from the late 12th century to the 16th century. They constitute an almost continuous record of bulls, rescripts, and less formal letters between the Papal Curia and royal, noble and humbler personages. They also contain diplomatic mandates concerning ecclesiastical appointments, confirmations

of monastic foundations and endowments, privileges, dispensations and exemptions for laymen and clerics and a vast amount of miscellaneous matter arising out of the administrative and judicial activity of the Church and the Papal Curia. These calendars are an invaluable source for historians of Britain and Ireland.

### Calendar of entries in the Papal Registers relating to Great Britain and Ireland. Papal Letters Volume XIV, 1484–1492

J. A. Twemlow, *editor*



The pontificate of Innocent III coincided in England with the last years of the reign of Richard III and the first seven years of the Tudor dynasty. Recorded here are proceedings against Irish bishops for their adherence to Lambert Simnel, while the majority of the letters recorded here are mandates for provision to religious houses and benefices in

Ireland because the Statutes of Provisors were not applied to that country.

vi + 418 pp, €95, 1960

*This book does not have an ISBN and is only available in limited quantities from the IMC office.*

### Calendar of entries in the Papal Registers relating to Great Britain and Ireland. Papal Letters Volume XV, 1484–1492, Innocent VIII

Michael J. Haren, *editor*



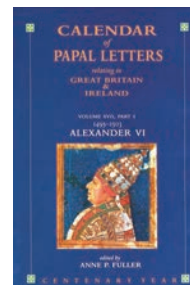
This volume continues the series of calendars formerly published by HMSO London. In addition to a full rendering of the historical information in the register entries, it includes two introductory essays. The first is an illuminating account of the administrative procedures of the papal chancery under Pope Innocent VIII. The second, with its accompanying Formulary, examines the diplomatic and legal content of the bulls, providing one of the most comprehensive statements yet published of the common form of papal letters for the period.

ISBN 978-1-874280-21-7, cxcii + 764 pp, €65, 1978

*Calendar of entries in the Papal Registers relating to Great Britain and Ireland. Papal Letters Volume XVI is out of print*

### Calendar of entries in the Papal Registers relating to Great Britain and Ireland. Papal Letters Volume XVII, Part I, 1495–1503, Alexander VI (1492–1503), Lateran Registers part II, 1495–1503

Anne P. Fuller, *editor*



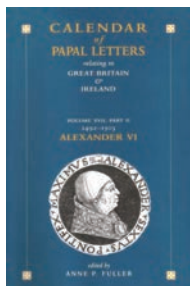
This calendar carries on from Volume XVI and provides full English summaries of all the British and Irish material in the Vatican Registers of Alexander VI (1492–1503). The bulk of the entries—typically Scottish and Irish—are letters expedited by the camera and the apostolic secretariat. This volume makes accessible a mass of valuable material, ranging from a dispensation for the poet laureate of Arthur, Prince of Wales, to the reform of a Benedictine abbey and from the rehabilitation of an Irishman who had conspired against his bishop to the excommunication of marauding bands in the Scottish Highlands.

ISBN 978-1-874280-04-0, lxxvii + 926 pp, €65, 1994



### Calendar of entries in the Papal Registers relating to Great Britain and Ireland. Papal Letters Volume XVII, Part II, 1492–1503, Alexander VI (1492–1503), Vatican Registers 1492–1503 with missing letters from other sources

Anne P. Fuller, *editor*



Following on from Volume XVII, Part I this calendar provides summaries of the remainder of the letters of British and Irish interest in the Vatican Registers of Alexander VI. However, the main interest of the volume is its coverage of the pope's *Secreta* or private office registers. This was a highly classified source and illustrates the course of Anglo–Papal relations at the highest level.

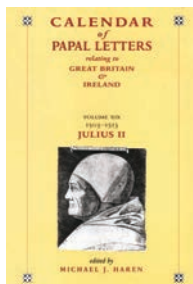
The introduction explores the world of the pope's private secretaries—one of them an agent of Henry VII—and considers how the registers came to be mutilated. Equipped with indices and apparatus, the volume is an essential research tool for students of British and Irish history in the pre–Reformation period.

ISBN 978-1-874280-14-9, cliv + 314 pp, €65, 1998

*Calendar of entries in the Papal Registers relating to Great Britain and Ireland. Papal Letters Volume XVIII is out of print*

### Calendar of entries in the Papal Registers relating to Great Britain and Ireland. Papal Letters Volume XIX, 1503–1513, Julius II, Lateran Registers, Part II

Michael J. Haren, *editor*

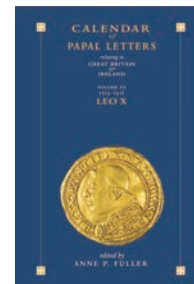


This volume completes the survey of the chancery registers of Pope Julius II (1503–1513) and includes tables of lost registered letters, extracted from the Vatican Archives' *Indici*, relating to the whole of the pontificate and for the short pontificate of Julius's predecessor, Pius III.

ISBN 978-1-874280-08-8, lxii + 782 pp, €65, 1998

### Calendar of entries in the Papal Registers relating to Great Britain and Ireland. Papal Letters Volume XX, 1513–1521, Leo X, Lateran Registers Part I

Anne P. Fuller, *editor*



This volume of papal letters covers the first tranche of the chancery, or Lateran Registers, of Leo X (1513–21) and brings to light a great mass of biographical and topographical information illustrating the ecclesiastical landscape of Great Britain and Ireland at a critical moment.

The letters imply a constant traffic between the British Isles and the Curia and provide valuable insights into relations between the national churches and the papacy in the run-up to the break with Rome. These are essential background papers for students of the Reformation.

ISBN 978-1-874280-78-1, lxxix + 852 pp, €80, 2005

*The concluding volumes (XXI, XXII and XXIII) in the Calendar of entries in the Papal Registers relating to Great Britain and Ireland, Papal Letters series are in preparation.*

## Papers of the Dublin Philosophical Society, 1683–1709

K.Theodore Hoppen, *editor*



The changes that took place in natural science in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries represent some of the most profound in human history. The many scientific societies of the time played a central role in bringing these ideas to a wider audience and the Dublin Philosophical Society constituted Ireland's most direct response to the 'new science' of the time. Its

members saw themselves as belonging to a universal world of learning and were in touch with colleagues in England, Scotland, France, Italy, Germany and the Low Countries.

This edition of the complete papers of the society, taken from numerous archives and libraries throughout Europe and published in a scholarly and annotated format, constitutes an important contribution to Irish history and to the general intellectual history of the time.

ISBN 978-1-874280-84-2, xlix + 1002 pp (in 2 volumes), 50 illustrations, €85, 2008

*K. T. Hoppen is Emeritus Professor of History at the University of Hull, a Fellow of the British Academy and an Honorary Member of the Royal Irish Academy.*

*Theodore Hoppen has produced nearly one thousand pages of text, handsomely printed and indexed. Every good library needs to own it and every student of the period will have to consult it.*

—MARGARET C. JACOB,  
*Times Literary Supplement*

*Professor Hoppen's exemplary edition stands as an awe-inspiring monument – both to pioneering savants and to a meticulous scholar.*

—TOBY BARNARD,  
*Eighteenth-Century Ireland*

*Aside from the obvious value of these volumes to those concerned with the early history of science in Ireland, they will have a much wider appeal for they cast light on many aspects of social, economic and intellectual history as well as containing material simply to delight the curious.*

—RAYMOND GILLESPIE,  
*Studia Hibernica*

## The de Vesci papers

A. P. W. Malcomson, *editor*



The de Vesci papers are one of the most significant family archives in public ownership in Ireland. Appertaining in the first instance to the Vesey estates in County Laois, sections of the archive also concern these families' interests in counties Dublin, Cork, Limerick, Carlow, Galway, Kildare, Kilkenny, Offaly, Mayo, Roscommon, Waterford, Wexford and a variety of locations in England. Nationally, at least two of the Vesey forebears (Archbishop John Vesey and Denny Muschamp) were major figures in Irish history.

This calendar, while containing much interesting and useful material in its own right, will further assist historians, genealogists and others interested in the history of early modern and modern Ireland to use the collection, now in the National Library of Ireland.

ISBN 978-1-874280-79-8, xxv + 214 pp, €40, 2006

*The catalogue has placed the historians who will mine this incredible archive in Dr Malcomson's debt, for surely it will become a frequently consulted first port of call for a wide range of researchers interested in Irish social and economic history.*

— LIAM CHAMBERS, *IRISH ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL HISTORY*

*A. P. W. Malcomson, MRLA was director of the Public Record Office of Northern Ireland from 1988–98.*

## Calendar of the Rosse papers

A. P. W. Malcomson, *editor*



The Rosse papers are one of the most important collections of manuscripts in private ownership in Ireland. Extending from the early seventeenth century, when members of the family first established roots in the country, to the present, the core of the family archive is provided by the papers of successive members of the Parsons family, held primarily at Birr Castle.

This calendar is essential reading for anyone interested in the history of seventeenth and eighteenth-century Ireland, science in the nineteenth century and the evolving story of the surviving families of the Irish landed elite in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries.

ISBN 978-1-874280-69-9, xxxiv + 589 pp, €75, 2008

## The Clements archive

A. P. W. Malcomson, *editor*



This calendar of the papers of the Clements family is based on material in the National Library of Ireland, Trinity College Dublin, the Public Record Office of Northern Ireland and at Killadoon, the family estate, and on the associated papers of the Stewart, Molesworth and Warren families. Smaller collections of material in private and institutional hands are also covered.

The papers are of interest to historians in general and the local historians of Cavan, Leitrim, Kildare, Mayo, Galway, Donegal and Dublin.

The archive also illuminates the careers of the three best-known members of the Clements family: Nathaniel Clements (1705–77); Robert Bermingham, Lord Clements (1805–39); and William Sydney Clements, 3rd earl of Leitrim (1806–78). It is an essential resource for all libraries.

ISBN 978-1-906865-08-5, liv + 824 pp, €85, 2010

## The Conolly archive

Patrick Walsh and A. P. W. Malcomson, *editors*



The Conolly archive, now dispersed among a number of repositories in Ireland, comprises c. 15,000 letters and papers ranging in date from 1570 to 1953. It relates mainly to William Conolly (1662–1729), Speaker of the Irish House of Commons (1715–29), generally considered to be the richest man in Ireland, but also to his nephew and grandnephew.

There is material here of national interest but also papers relating to estates in counties Kildare, Leitrim, Offaly, Meath, Westmeath, Roscommon, Donegal, Fermanagh, Wexford, Waterford, Dublin and Derry as well as estates in England and Wales. The book is an indispensable resource for historians of eighteenth and nineteenth century Ireland.

ISBN 978-1-906865-09-2, xxviii + 373 pp, €45, 2010

*Patrick Walsh is an IRCHSS CARA mobility fellow at University College Dublin & University College London.*

## The Minutes of the Ulster Women's Unionist Council and Executive Committee, 1911–40

Diane Urquhart, *editor*



Established in 1911, the Ulster Women's Unionist Council (UWUC) attracted an unprecedented number of women into politics. Within a year of its inauguration the Council was the largest female political organisation Ireland had ever seen, with hundreds of thousands of members. Although led by members of Ulster's aristocratic elite, the

Council aimed and succeeded in having both 'the peeress and the peasant' represented in its ranks.

Formed with the primary objective of assisting male unionists resist home rule for Ireland, the UWUC quickly became a very significant propaganda, electioneering and fundraising machine. Taking on a more philanthropic role during the First World War, the subsequent introduction of votes for women saw the political focus of the organisation resumed with renewed vigour.

Published here for the first time, the highly readable minutes of the Ulster Women's Unionist Council reveal the pivotal work of a unique organisation at a time of great change, not only in the history of women, but in the history of Ireland.

ISBN 978-1-874280-93-4, xxix + 250 pp, €15, paperback, 2001

*Diana Urquhart is senior lecturer in modern Irish history at the Institute of Irish Studies, University of Liverpool.*

## Infanticide in the Irish Crown Files at Assizes 1883–1900

Elaine F. Farrell, *editor*



This book presents records relating to 115 suspected infant murder and concealment of birth cases detected in Ireland between 1883 and 1900. The material transcribed in this volume, taken from the Crown Files at Assizes held at the National Archives of Ireland, comprises 1,140 witness statements sworn before coroners and magistrates.

Statements from police officers, doctors and the suspect's wider social circle provide much detailed information about the operation of the legal system and the lived realities of nineteenth-century Ireland. They highlight contemporary attitudes towards illegitimacy, single mothers and the extent to which an unwanted pregnancy impacted upon entire households.

This text offers a unique insight into the intimate lives of some of Ireland's inhabitants during the late nineteenth century.

ISBN 978-1-906865-23-8, xxviii + 545 pp, €65, 2012

*Elaine Farrell is a lecturer at the School of History and Anthropology, Queen's University, Belfast.*

## The Drennan-McTier letters

Jean Agnew, *editor*



The Drennan-McTier correspondence is unique: between 1776 and 1819, William Drennan, a doctor in Newry and Dublin, and his sister Martha McTier in Belfast exchanged over 1,400 letters, discussing every aspect of their lives. William campaigned for political reform and Roman Catholic emancipation. He was a founder of the United Irishmen, and was tried for sedition in 1794. Martha shared his political convictions and their letters provide a first-hand account of the events that led up to the 1798 Rebellion and its aftermath. William later became a well-known political writer and poet. The measure of the importance of this correspondence to both of them is that it has survived virtually intact, providing the historian with a wealth of information about the period, and the general reader with a unique window on to late eighteenth-century life.

Volume 1: 1776–1793 — Out of print

Volume 2: 1794–1801

ISBN 978-1-874280-34-7, xxii + 771 pp, €65, 1999

ISBN 978-1-874280-17-0, €25, paperback, 1999

Volume 3: 1802–1819

ISBN 978-1-874280-49-1, xxii + 795 pp, €65, 1999

ISBN 978-1-874280-43-9, €25, paperback, 1999

*Jean Agnew is author of Belfast Merchant Families in the seventeenth century (Dublin 1995).*

### **British sources for Irish history, 1485–1641. A guide to manuscripts in local, regional and specialised repositories in England, Scotland and Wales**

Brian C. Donovan and David Edwards, *editors*



This catalogue attempts to fill in some of the gaps left in primary source material for the period 1485–1641 caused by the 1922 fire in the Dublin Public Record Office, listing relevant material still extant across Britain. This seminal guide to Irish-related manuscripts held in local, regional and specialised repositories in England, Scotland and Wales has become an essential reference work and research tool for all students of late medieval and early modern Ireland.

ISBN 978-1-874280-13-2, xxx + 381 pp, €20, paperback, 1998

### **The Edith Ænone Somerville archive in Drishane. A catalogue and an evaluative essay**

Otto Rauchbauer, *editor*



Writer, artist, farmer and suffragette activist Edith Ænone Somerville (1858–1949) left over 3,800 items at her family home in Drishane, Co. Cork. This is an indispensable catalogue to the Edith Ænone Somerville Archive — a collection that includes letters, account books, diary entries, illustrations, photographs and press cuttings dating from the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries.

ISBN 978-1-874280-05-7, x + 268 pp, €20, paperback, 1995

Writer, artist, farmer and suffragette activist Edith Ænone Somerville (1858–1949) left over 3,800 items at her family home in Drishane, Co. Cork. This is an indispensable catalogue to the Edith Ænone Somerville Archive — a collection that includes letters, account books, diary entries, illustrations, photographs and press cuttings dating from the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries.

### **Select guide to Trade Union records in Dublin with details of unions operating in Ireland to 1970**

Sarah Ward-Perkins, *editor*



Since the early decades of the nineteenth century a large number of local, national and United Kingdom craft and trade societies and unions have operated in Dublin. This guide, based mainly on an extensive survey of trade union records in union premises and institutions in Dublin, is an invaluable reference book. It includes outline histories, membership figures and descriptions of the records for 128 unions, as well as listing over 950 trade societies and unions that operated in Ireland until c. 1970. The trade union records listed in this volume illustrate not only the development of industrial relations, but also social, economic and industrial conditions throughout Ireland.

ISBN 978-1-874280-06-4, xix + 328 pp, €15, paperback, 1996



## Documents on the affairs of Ireland before the King's Council

G. O. Sayles, *editor*



These documents (in French and Latin) contain a wealth of information relating to Ireland during the 13th and 14th centuries. From 1216 until 1404, the accounts range from official reports by the Irish council on the state of the nation in general to specific calamities like the Bruce invasion of 1315–18. Each document is preceded by a brief summary in English and a full index is provided.

ISBN 978-1-874280-28-6, xxv + 336 pp, €35, 1979

## The Irish cartularies of Llanthony Prima & Secunda

Eric St John Brooks, *editor*



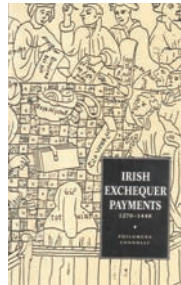
This publication provides scholars of medieval Ireland with easy access to Latin texts of the cartularies of Irish lands pertaining to the priories of Llanthony. The two monasteries, Llanthony prima and secunda, were represented in Ireland respectively by the houses of Colp and Duleek in county Meath. An index of names and places shows the extent of the lands held by the two monasteries,

demonstrating significant holdings in Meath as well as property in counties Wicklow, Dublin, Louth and elsewhere.

ISBN 978-1-874280-29-3, xxx + 345 pp, €35, 1953

## Irish Exchequer Payments, 1270–1446

Philomena Connolly, *editor*



The Irish Exchequer records held in the National Archives, London are an important but under-used source of history for medieval Ireland. The issue rolls and enrolled accounts calendared here provide a record of Dublin governmental expenditure between 1270–1446 and throw light on many aspects of government activity during that period. The information which they contain will be of use not only to

political, military and administrative historians, but also to researchers in the fields of local history, settlement studies, archaeology and historical geography.

ISBN 978-1-874280-18-7, xxxi + 718 pp, €60, 1998



### Irish Exchequer Payments Vol. I, 1270–1326

ISBN 978-1-874280-19-4, xxxi + 391 pp, €20, paperback, 1998



### Irish Exchequer Payments Vol. II, 1326–1446

ISBN 978-1-874280-20-0, xxxi + 332 pp, €20, paperback, 1998

## A calendar of Irish Chancery Letters c. 1244–1509

Peter Crooks, *editor*

The Irish chancery was a key organ of English government in medieval Ireland. The original rolls of chancery suffered a series of calamities from the late thirteenth century onwards, culminating in 1922 with an explosion in the Public Record Office of Ireland at the Four Courts, Dublin. *A calendar of Irish Chancery Letters, c. 1244–1509*, is being created by collating all known transcripts and calendars of Irish chancery letters ranging in date from the fourteenth to nineteenth centuries. These records are located in various archival repositories in Ireland and the United Kingdom.

This calendar will advance our understanding of the ‘making of Ireland’ between the high Middle Ages and the dawn of the modern era. This edition is arranged as follows:

Volume I: Henry III to Edward II (1244–1327)  
ISBN 978-1-906865-32-0;

Volume II: Edward III (1327–77)  
ISBN 978-1-906865-33-7;

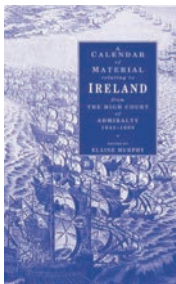
Volume III: Richard II and Henry IV (1377–1413)  
ISBN 978-1-906865-34-4;

Volume IV: Henry V to Henry VII (1413–1509)  
ISBN 978-1-906865-35-1.

4 volumes, available separately, 2016

### Calendar of material relating to Ireland from the High Court of Admiralty, 1641–1660

Elaine Murphy, *editor*



This volume calendars the papers relating to Ireland from 1641 to 1660 in the High Court of Admiralty files held in the National Archives at Kew in London. The calendar continues on from that edited by John C. Appleby in 1992. The period covered by this calendar was one of intense maritime activity in the seas around Ireland. The war at sea dominates High Court of Admiralty records concerning Ireland

from the outbreak of the Ulster rising in October 1641 to the surrender of Inishboffin Island to Cromwellian forces in July 1653. As well as the naval conflict these documents shed light on a range of mid-seventeenth century maritime issues including trade to and from Ireland, ship ownership and seamen, the development of naval technologies, privateering and naval administration.

ISBN 978-1-906865-14-6, xvi + 402 pp, €50, 2011

*'Amongst the most interesting examinations are those describing the extension of maritime conflict to the land... Elaine Murphy is to be commended for bringing this body of original material to light.'*

– J. MANNION, *International Journal of Maritime History*

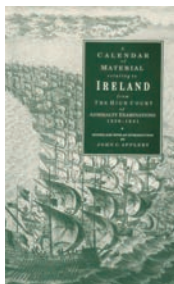
*'This 1641 to 1660 Admiralty Calendar will be consulted for decades to come as a source book of mid seventeenth century social and economic life.'*

– KEVIN COSTELLO, *UCD*

*Elaine Murphy lectures in history at the University of Plymouth. She previously worked on the 1641 Depositions project at Trinity College, Dublin.*

### Calendar of material relating to Ireland from the High Court of Admiralty examinations, 1536–1641

John Appleby, *editor*



This calendar of the High Court of Admiralty examinations makes available a wide body of material, much of which was previously unknown or inaccessible to students of Irish history.

This material covers a broad range of subjects including trade, shipping, fishing, piracy and privateering. It also sheds light on the commercial interest of Irish merchants, and on the

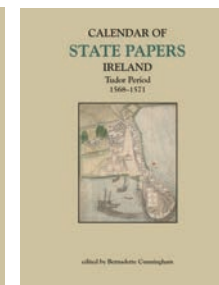
activities of Dutch and English merchants in Ireland during the sixteenth and early seventeenth centuries. As such it will be a invaluable resource for students of maritime history and those with interests in related economic, social or colonial themes.

ISBN 978-1-874280-03-3, xxi + 375 pp, €50, 1992

*John Appleby lectures in history at Liverpool Hope University and has published widely on aspects of English and Irish maritime and colonial history during the sixteenth and seventeenth century.*

### Calendar of State Papers, Ireland, Tudor period, 1566–1567 & 1568–1571

Bernadette Cunningham, *editor*



These two volumes calendar material in the National Archives in London relating to policy towards Ireland and the governance of Ireland in the late Tudor period. Sir Henry Sidney was lord deputy of Ireland from 20 January 1566 until March 1571. These state papers do not merely document the workings of central government, but also reveal much incidental detail on life and politics in the provinces. While English perspectives on Ireland predominate, historians wishing to concentrate on themes relating to 'native' rather than 'newcomers' will find this edition an invaluable source.

*Calendar of State Papers, Ireland, Tudor period, 1566–1567*  
ISBN 978-1-906865-00-9, xxiv + 342 pp, €65, 2009

*Calendar of State Papers, Ireland, Tudor period, 1568–1571*  
ISBN 978-1-906865-01-6, xviii + 302 pp, €65, 2010

*Bernadette Cunningham is deputy librarian at the Royal Irish Academy and has published extensively on early modern Ireland.*

**Calendar of Inquisitions formerly in the Office of the Chief Remembrancer of the Exchequer prepared from the MSS of the Irish Record Commission**

Margaret C. Griffith, *editor*

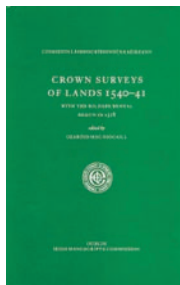


This important publication contains summaries of the Latin calendars of inquisitions regarding landholding and property for Co. Dublin for the period Henry VIII to William III (with one item for Henry VI), prepared by the Record Commission of 1810–1830, the originals of which perished in the destruction of the Public Record Office in 1922.

ISBN 978-1-874280-00-2, xvii + 769 pp, €65, 1991

**Crown surveys of lands 1540–41 with the Kildare Rental begun in 1518**

Gearóid MacNiocaill, *editor*



This volume contains three surveys of monastic lands in Ireland, carried out by Henry VIII's commissioners in late 1540 and early 1541, now held in the National Archives in London. These are supplemented by a fourth manuscript in the British Library that comprises a survey of the Earl of Kildare's possessions, beginning in 1518. The surveys and land rental material remain an excellent source for historians of early Tudor Ireland.

ISBN 978-1-874280-01-9, x + 443 pp, €50, 1992

**The O Doyne (Ó Duinn) Manuscript**

K. W. Nicholls, *editor*



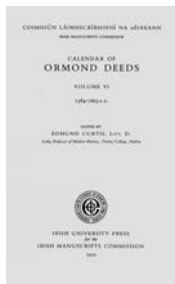
This volume showcases a series of papers, letters and documents relating to the family of O Doyne (Ó Duinn), compiled from material in Marsh's Library, Dublin. It primarily concerns the lengthy inheritance lawsuit between Charles O Doyne, a Master in the Irish Court of Chancery who died in 1617, and his elder brother Thady O

Ó Duinn, lord of Iregan. This volume sets out in detail the various rents and exactions of Ó Duinn in county Laois, and follows with a recital of the landowners of Iregan and their lands.

ISBN 978-1-874280-36-1, xvii + 217 pp, €40, 1983

**Calendar of Ormond Deeds, Volume 6, 1584–1603**

Edmund Curtis, *editor*

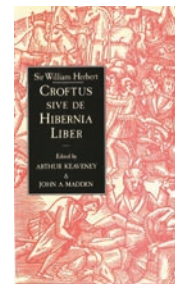


This is the final volume of a series of publications calendaring the deeds of one of the most important noble families of medieval and early modern Ireland. It remains a useful mine of information for historians of the period as well as for genealogists. It is the last remaining volume in print.

ISBN 978-1-874280-30-9, xix + 240 pp, €40, 1943

**Sir William Herbert: Croftus Sive de Hibernia Liber**

Arthur Keaveney and John A. Madden, *editors*



Protestant, planter and political scientist, Sir William Herbert (1553–1593) was all these things. In *Croftus* he set out the ills of contemporary Ireland and what he believed to be their causes. He was also ready with the solutions: Anglicisation, religious conversion and the introduction of ‘civility’.

In this edition, which is the first for over 100 years, the original Latin text has been freshly edited and equipped with a side-by-side English translation. Extensive commentary, an introduction and appendices are designed to help facilitate modern readers of this important treatise.

ISBN 978-1-874280-02-6, lxi + 207 pp, €35, 1992

## The Irish Commission of 1622. An investigation of the Irish Administration, 1615–22, and its consequences, 1623–24

Victor Treadwell, *editor*



The papers edited in this volume were generated by the wide-ranging commission of enquiry sent to Ireland in the spring of 1622. Appointed by James VI and I, this body investigated the political, religious and administrative state of the country. The commissioners examined the impact of the large Elizabethan and Jacobean plantations in Munster and Ulster and of the smaller English and Scottish settlements elsewhere. They also looked at the position of the established church, the Irish customs and the legal reforms required in the Irish judicial system.

Bringing together material from a number of different archives, including the Bodleian Library Oxford, Trinity College Dublin and the National Libraries of both Ireland and Scotland, this book will be invaluable for historians of Stuart Ireland, while the extensive indices of persons and places will be a great resource for local and family historians.

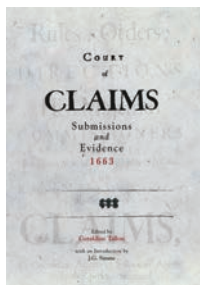
ISBN 978-1-874280-63-7, lii + 859 pp, €65, 2006

*Victor Treadwell's volume presents a vivid snapshot of early seventeenth-century Ireland at a crucial moment in its evolution...*

— RAYMOND GILLESPIE, *STUDIA HIBERNICA*

## Court of Claims: submissions and evidence, 1663

Geraldine Tallon, *editor*



The Court of Claims was appointed by Charles II to administer the Act of Settlement, 1662. The submissions and evidence presented before this body were recorded in a manuscript that is edited here for the first time, listing about 900 claims of ‘innocence’ submitted from 28 January to 20 August 1663. Complete with extensive indices of place and personal names as well as

an introduction by J. G. Simms, historians of seventeenth-century Ireland and those interested in the history of landholding and estates, both local and national, as well as family historians, will find this book invaluable.

ISBN 978-1-874280-80-4, xvi + 688 pp, €65, 2006

## Commentarius Rinuccinianus. De Sedis Apostolicae Legatione ad Foederatos Hiberniae Catholicos. Volume 6

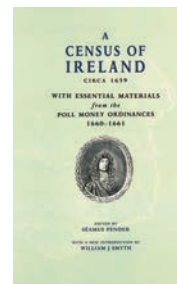
S. Kavanagh, *editor*

Volume 6 comprises essays on the ‘History and Authorship’ of the *Commentarius* as well as detailed indices and a synopsis in English of the first five volumes which are in Latin and are now out of print. It is an essential companion for anyone specializing in the British and Irish civil wars of the mid-seventeenth century.

ISBN 978-1-874280-44-6, xvii + 308 pp, €40, 1949

## A Census of Ireland circa 1659 with essential materials from the Poll Money Ordinances, 1660–1661

Séamus Pender, *editor*, with a new introduction by William J. Smyth



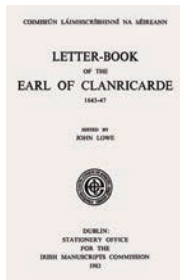
The ‘1659 Census’ is one of the most comprehensive and accessible of the ‘survey’ documents that have come down to us from the mid-seventeenth century. Yet the ‘Census’ has received little scholarly analysis. In this volume Séamus Pender’s 1939 edition of the ‘1659 Census’ is reproduced with a detailed new introduction by William J. Smyth.

What Professor Smyth succeeds in demonstrating is that the ‘Census’ is a better, more consistent and much more important source of information than has been allowed for in the existing literature. He also locates the ‘Census’ in the context of William Petty’s overall objectives in the 1660s, and by way of a series of island-wide maps, reveals the relevance of the ‘Census’ to ongoing research on seventeenth-century Ireland.

ISBN 978-1-874280-15-6, lxxxiii + 946 pp, €75, 1939 & 2003

## Letter-book of the earl of Clanricarde, 1643–1647

John Lowe, *editor*



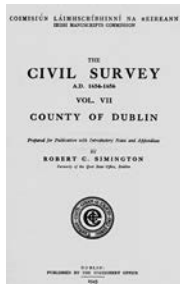
This volume brings together an important collection of letters relating to one of the key figures in mid-seventeenth century Irish politics. Ulick Burke, 5th earl of Clanricarde, was a devout Catholic but also a confirmed royalist and one of the richest landowners in the kingdom who was inclined to be English rather than Irish in his outlook. He turned to the king's advantage a strategically

influential position between the government and the Irish Catholics during the Confederate period. It is an essential work for anyone specialising in the history of the Irish and British civil wars of the 1640s.

ISBN 978-1-874280-35-4, xiv + 504 pp, €50, 1983

## The Civil Survey, 1654–1656, Volume 7, County Dublin

R. C. Simington, *editor*

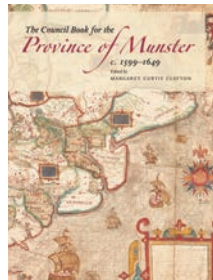


This section of the Civil Survey of 1654–1656 provides detail regarding landowners and landholdings in County Dublin. It remains a useful resource for historians of the period as well as for genealogists.

ISBN 978-1-874280-09-5, lii + 317 pp, €35, 1945

## The council book for the province of Munster, c. 1599–1649

Margaret Curtis Clayton, *editor*



Preserved in the British Library, MS Harleian 697—‘The Council Book for the Province of Munster’—provides a rare insight into the workings of English provincial government in early seventeenth-century Ireland. Here are a wide variety of administrative records, the likes of which have rarely survived from other regions,

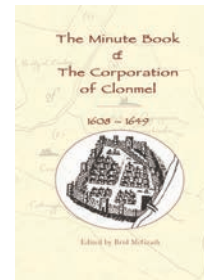
such as presidential court cases, county assizes and gaol deliveries, protections, *concordata*, and proclamations, as well as correspondence with Dublin and with the privy council in London.

This edition of a rare example of a wide-ranging provincial primary source provides a full transcription of what is the only extant register of the body that administered Munster in the first half of the seventeenth century. It offers a unique and richly detailed insight into life at the time and is an invaluable resource to scholars of early modern Ireland, particularly those specialising in legal, administrative, religious and social history.

ISBN 978-1-874280-87-3, xiv + 498 pp, €65, 2008

## The minute book of the Corporation of Clonmel, 1608–1649

Brid McGrath, *editor*



The Minute Book of the Corporation of Clonmel, held in the National Library of Ireland, records details of the town's administration between 1608 and 1649. Through this detailed transcription we can see Clonmel's institutions and their workings, its officers and their operations, and the various groups of people that made up the community—the Free

burgesses who managed the town through their membership of the town council, the merchants and their guild, the skilled tradesmen and their trade companies, other groups of workers, women, the church and the poor. It also sets out the arrangements for the defence of the town during the civil wars of the mid-seventeenth century. The edition adds greatly to our understanding of urban communities and the social make-up of Ireland in the early modern period.

ISBN 978-1-874280-53-8, xiv + 383 pp, €45, 2006



## Franco-Irish correspondence, 1688–1692

Sheila Mulloy, *editor*



These volumes provide historians with easy access to important French correspondence relating to the Glorious Revolution and the Williamite war in Ireland. Very little documentary evidence has survived in English from the Jacobite side of the conflict but French manuscripts give an account of events as seen through the eyes of James' French allies. These documents complement the additional material contained in James Hogan's edition of the correspondence of le Comte d'Avaux (IMC, 1934). They cover every aspect of the war from military and naval engagements to the cost of a horseman's uniform, providing an unparalleled source for the study of the Jacobite side of this war, one with significant Irish and European perspectives.

### Volume I

ISBN 978-1-874280-32-3, xix + 457 pp, €65, 1983

### Volume II

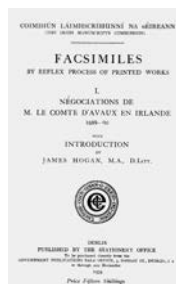
ISBN 978-1-874280-33-0, x + 546 pp, €65, 1984

### Volume III

ISBN 978-1-906865-12-2, viii + 310 pp, €40, 1984

## Negotiations de M le Comte d'Avaux en Irlande, 1689–90

J. Hogan, *editor*



This volume of reflex facsimiles brings together correspondence and papers relating to the twelve-month mission to Ireland of French ambassador Jean-Antoine de Mesmes, Comte d'Avaux. During his stay he exchanged a very large number of letters with Louis XIV, Louvois, Seignelay and Colbert de Croissy giving them a detailed account of the state of the country, of the composition of the army which

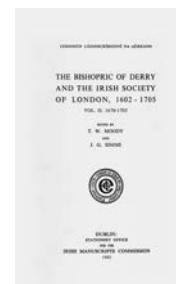
Tyrconnel had built up and of the aims of the various parties.

In short, his minutely detailed despatches from February 1689–April 1690 constitute a contemporary source of information for the first year of the Williamite War of great trustworthiness and detail.

ISBN 978-1-874280-45-3, xxix + 756 pp, €65, 1934

## The Bishopric of Derry and the Irish Society of London, 1602–1705. Volume II, 1670–1705

T. W. Moody and J. G. Simms, *editors*



The Irish Society was the body instituted by the common council of the City of London in 1610 to manage the property acquired by the City as a collective undertaker in the Ulster Plantation scheme of the area renamed in 1613 the county of Londonderry. Relations between the society and the bishop of Derry during the seventeenth century were characterized by chronic controversies

over fisheries and lands on the west bank of the Foyle. This volume continues the story from 1670, and culminates under Bishop King (1690–1703) in a constitutional collision between the Irish and the English house of Lords (1697–1700).

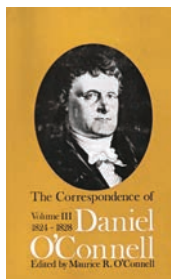
The documents here printed illustrate in unusual detail the civil and ecclesiastical administration and the economic and social life of the Foyle–Bann region, as well as providing a wealth of detail about seventeenth-century fishery practice.

ISBN 978-1-906865-07-8, xix + 580 pp, €35, 1983

Volume I of this collection is out of print.

## The correspondence of Daniel O'Connell, Volume III, 1824–1828

Maurice R. O'Connell, *editor*



*The correspondence of Daniel O'Connell* is essential reading for all students of both British and Irish history in the first half of the nineteenth century. The letters generally, but in particular of O'Connell and his wife, are a unique source for Irish social history.

Volume III of his correspondence, covering the period 1824–28, describes the foundation of the Catholic

Association in 1824. The progress and financial difficulties of the O'Connell family are intermingled with election news, as O'Connell was elected MP for Clare in 1826, and the correspondence with his wife at this time of political activity is extensive. The volume ends with the last stages in the struggle for Catholic Emancipation.

ISBN 978-1-874280-54-5, vi + 441 pp, €40, 1974

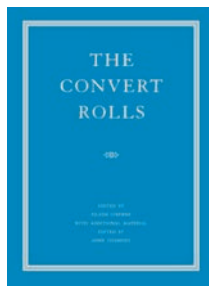


All other volumes of this eight-volume edition are out of print but available to read on the Digital Editions section of the IMC website.

## The Convert Rolls—the calendar of the Convert Rolls, 1703–1838, 2nd edition

Eileen O'Byrne, *editor*

with Fr Wallace Clare's annotated list of converts 1703–78 edited by Anne Chamney



The publication in 1981 of *The Convert Rolls*, edited by Eileen O'Byrne, provided historical researchers with easy access to the main documentary record of those who converted to the Established Church in the eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries. The extensive alphabetical listing of converts is complemented by the inclusion of

Fr. Clare's annotated list of converts, 1703–78, which presents elusive biographical data on 1,207 converts, some not present in the official convert rolls, which adds to the value and usefulness of the original.

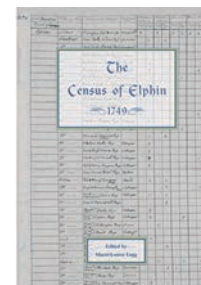
ISBN 978-1-874280-64-4, xiii + 487 pp, €65, 2005

*The Commission performed a valuable service for social historians and genealogists in publishing the first edition. This has been considerably enhanced by the addition of Fr Clare's notes in this new edition... it will be an indispensable source for researchers.*

— THOMAS P. POWER, *STUDIA HIBERNICA*

## The census of Elphin, 1749

Marie-Louise Legg, *editor*



The census of the Diocese of Elphin was organised by Bishop Edward Syngé in 1749 so he could establish the numbers of Protestants and Roman Catholics in his diocese, which embraced most of Co. Roscommon, part of south-east Co. Sligo and part of north-east Co. Galway. The census covers 69 parishes, and the major towns of Sligo, Roscommon, Boyle and that part of Athlone which is in Co. Roscommon.

The editor has written an introduction to each parish, establishing the background of many of the inhabitants and the quality of the land upon which they depended for their livelihood. Additionally, Brian Gurrin has placed the Census in the context of other population data of the period, and has conducted a statistical analysis of the Census material to establish the size of families and their households.

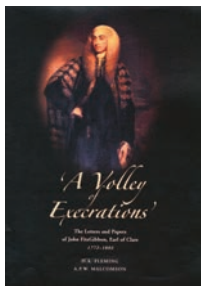
The Census of Elphin is an important, and largely unexplored, historical document and this edition will be of particular use to historical demographers, local historians and genealogists.

ISBN 978-1-874280-73-6, xlii + 597 pp, €75, 2004

An electronic version of this document is available to search through the Irish Origins section of the [Origins.net](http://Origins.net) website. Please note that accessing detailed records attracts a charge.

## 'A Volley of Execrations', The letters and papers of John FitzGibbon, Earl of Clare, 1772-1802

D. A. Fleming and A. P. W. Malcomson, *editors*



This volume brings together over 600 pieces of correspondence and other material deriving from John FitzGibbon, 1st earl of Clare. a man who, as attorney general (1783-9), and lord chancellor (1789-1802), played a dominant role in Irish public life. His letters, with their characteristically abusive and funny writing style, show that he was a determined, turbulent man, yet they

also express the disappointment of a failed political harmoniser—one of the facets of his career stressed in Malcomson's introductory reassessment of Clare.

The edition forms a significant resource for anyone interested in eighteenth century men and manners and those who have a specialist interest in Irish affairs in the last decades of the eighteenth century.

ISBN 978-1-874280-58-3, lix + 502 pp, €50, 2005

*IMC deserves congratulations for bringing this book into print in such a fine edition ... making important materials available to the eighteenth-century Irish historian.*

— EGIN MAGENNIS, *EIGHTEENTH-CENTURY IRELAND*

## The letters of Marmaduke Coghill, 1722-1738

D. W. Hayton, *editor*



The politician Sir Marmaduke Coghill (1673-1739) was one of the pillars of the 'Protestant ascendancy' in early eighteenth-century Ireland. A civil lawyer by profession, playing a key role in the administration of the established church, he was also a Member of the Irish Parliament and an active politician, and from 1728 until his death occupied a position at the centre of government, as

principal revenue commissioner and chancellor of the Irish exchequer.

His surviving correspondence, drawn from a variety of sources in Ireland, England and the U.S.A., reflects the broad range of his interests—not only in politics and government, but also in trade and economic development, in the affairs of Trinity College, and within the private sphere, in promoting innovation in architecture, gardening, and the consumption of luxury goods. In exposing the milieu of a 'man of business' with influence on almost every facet of Irish public life in the period, these letters offer a flood of new information and revealing insights into the 'official mind' of the Dublin Castle administration in the age of Swift.

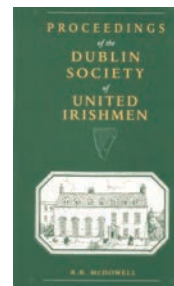
ISBN 978-1-874280-68-2, xxiii + 198 pp, €40, 2005

*...this collection will inform and enliven the current re-consideration of eighteenth-century Irish history ...*

— LIAM CHAMBERS, *MARY IMMACULATE COLLEGE*

## Proceedings of the Dublin Society of United Irishmen

R. B. McDowell, *editor*



The Dublin Society of the United Irishmen was, from its foundation in 1791 to its suppression in 1794, the leading radical club in Dublin. This volume brings together over a hundred of the letters of the member Thomas Collins, held in the National Archives in Dublin, who for two and a half years regularly transmitted information about its proceedings to the government.

Collins' reports are thorough and methodical and he can at times express himself with crude vigour. In addition to summarising the evening's proceedings he often enclosed lists of candidates for membership and gives thumb-nail sketches of the more outstanding members. His communications throw considerable light not only on Dublin radicalism, but also on popular political organisation in the eighteenth century.

ISBN 978-1-874280-16-3, 143 pp, paperback, €9.50, 1998

## Proceedings of the Irish House of Lords, 1771–1800

James Kelly, *editor*



This ground breaking, three-volume set reconstructs for the first time the proceedings of the Irish House of Lords during the busy years of the late eighteenth century. Based in the first instance on press reports, this edition also brings together reports of individual debates and high-profile speeches to provide a unique vista on the personalities, policies and politics of the parliament over three decades.

Presented with an extensive introduction and index, this work amplifies our understanding of the role and significance of the upper house of the Irish parliament at a crucial moment of its history.

ISBN 978-1-874280-70-5, 3 vols, cv + 1830 pp, €150, 2008

*No library should be without a set, and no scholar of the period should ignore them...As we would expect from Professor Kelly, this is a work of meticulous scholarship and considerable importance. It is as indispensable as the Parliamentary Register in any study of late eighteenth-century Irish politics...*

— NEAL GARNHAM, *EIGHTEENTH-CENTURY IRELAND*

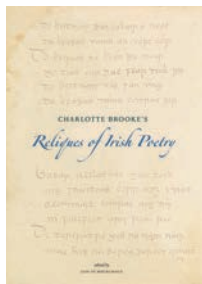
*James Kelly and the Irish Manuscripts Commission have done a major service by editing these excellently referenced volumes...*

— MARTIN MANSERGH, *THE IRISH TIMES*

James Kelly, MRLA, is Cregan Professor of History at St Patrick's College, Drumcondra, Dublin.

## Charlotte Brooke's *Reliques of Irish Poetry*

Lesa Ní Mhunghaile, *editor*



This volume contains a full facsimile of a 1789 edition of Brooke's 'Reliques of Irish Poetry'. The editor also adds new translations and analyses of the poems, songs and other writings in Irish translated by Charlotte Brooke. This publication in 1789 marked one of the first interactions between the oral tradition in the Irish language and print culture in

Ireland. It is important in the wider context of the 'discovery' of popular culture by the upper classes and an associated interest in antiquarianism, at a time when traditional popular culture was seen to be in retreat. The interdisciplinary aspect of this work will appeal to students of history, literature and culture of Ireland and to those with a wider interest in cultural, postcolonial and translation studies.

ISBN 978-1-874280-77-4, xlv + 575 pp, €50, 2009

*...the originality of Ni Mhunghaile's meticulous scholarship is at all times apparent. This book will be of immense interest to all concerned with eighteenth-century Ireland...*

— ANNE MARKEY, *EIGHTEENTH-CENTURY IRELAND*

*I have run out of superlatives! This really is a de-luxe and noble edition, which does justice to a very important Lady and her major contribution to the collecting and publicising of the heroic lays in Ireland.*

— DONALD MEEK, *UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH*

Lesa Ní Mhunghaile lectures in Irish at the University of Limerick.

## Pauper Limerick: the register of the Limerick House of Industry, 1774–1793

David Fleming and John Logan, *editors*



Of the twelve houses of industry established under the Irish poor law of 1771–2, this is the only admission book known to have survived. The register of the Limerick House of Industry contains information on the age, sex, place of origin, religion, medical condition, admission and discharge, amongst other details, for 2,747 inmates for the period 1774–1793.

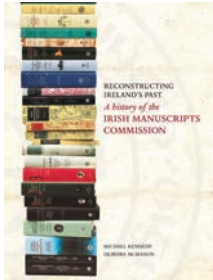
While revealing the mechanisms employed to administer a significant institution, the register also provides a singular record for a social group whose history is necessarily elusive. There is evidence of individual strategies for dealing with poverty, infirmity, disease and lunacy. Genealogists researching families in Limerick, Clare, Tipperary and Cork (the places in which most of the inmates originated) will also find it useful.

ISBN 978-1-906865-10-8, xxxvi + 109 pp, €45, 2011

*David Fleming lectures in history at the University of Limerick. John Logan lectured at the University of Limerick from 1997 until his retirement in 2012.*

**Reconstructing Ireland's Past: a history of the Irish Manuscripts Commission**

Michael Kennedy and Deirdre McMahon



Written to mark the 80th anniversary of the foundation of the Irish Manuscripts Commission, this book records the history of the IMC itself as its role in preserving sources for Irish history has evolved since 1928. IMC continues to promote the development of history as a discipline in Ireland and it supports a wide range of initiatives

to improve public awareness of the importance of historical sources and of the need to preserve those sources.

ISBN 978-1-874280-50-7, xxiv + 210 pp, €40, 2009

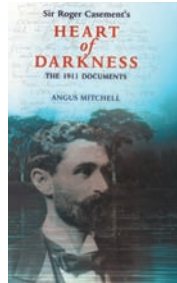
*...we have been blessed with a highly engaging and compelling study of one of Ireland's most revered and deserving institutions.*

—GERARD O'BRIEN, *IRISH HISTORICAL STUDIES*

*Michael Kennedy is the editor of the Royal Irish Academy's series Documents in Irish Foreign Policy and Deirdre McMahon lectures in 20th century history at the University of Limerick. Both are members of IMC since 2006.*

**Sir Roger Casement's Heart of Darkness: the 1911 Documents**

Angus Mitchell, *editor*



In early 1911, Sir Roger Casement returned from a five month journey of arduous investigation into atrocities in the Amazon and set to work writing the reports that would expose these crimes against humanity. Travelling between London, Dublin and Belfast he initiated one of the most detailed official investigations into Native American culture in the 'New World'. The

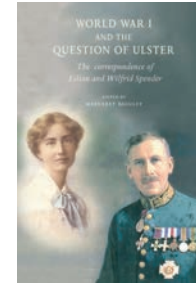
Putumayo atrocities, as the case would be called, became a forum for the scrutinizing of the darkness at the heart of imperial civilization before the outbreak of the First World War.

The documents are gathered from the Casement Papers held in the National Library of Ireland and the National Archives in London. Further material is gathered from the Bodleian Library Oxford, the British Library for Political and Economic Science and the New York Public Library. Richly illustrated with maps and photographs this volume of documents is a valuable research tool for those investigating the history of human rights abuses, ecumenism, postcolonial and Irish studies, as well as Anglo-American diplomacy, Native American culture and socio-economic history in South America.

ISBN 978-1-874280-98-9, xlviii + 816 pp, €75, 2003

**World War I and the question of Ulster. The correspondence of Lilian and Wilfrid Spender**

Margaret Baguley, *editor*



Based on papers in the Public Record Office of Northern Ireland, this collection is an edited selection of the correspondence of Wilfrid Spender and his wife Lilian during the First World War. A former quartermaster general of the Ulster Volunteer Force, Spender served as a captain during the war and was subsequently responsible for laying the foundations for the civil service

of Northern Ireland, serving as Secretary to the Northern Ireland Cabinet (1921–1925) and Permanent Secretary to the Ministry of Finance (1925–1944). Their letters provide both a fascinating insight into economic and social life in wartime London and show in vivid detail the horrors of total war and life on the front line.

ISBN 978-1-874280-12-5, xxxi + 536 pp, €50, 2009

*The correspondence is significant for its political news from London communicated by Lilian as it for military news from the Western Front. As an editor, and as the author of a helpful introduction, Margaret Baguley's work is impeccable.*

—KENNETH FERGUSON, *THE IRISH SWORD*



## The American Commission on Irish Independence 1919. The diary, correspondence and report

F. M. Carroll, *editor*



The diary, correspondence and report of the American Commission on Irish independence are the principal documents relating to the cause of Irish nationalism at the Paris peace conference in 1919. This publication provides historians and general readers with a unique insight into the deliberations and workings of this important American Commission during a key moment in Irish history.

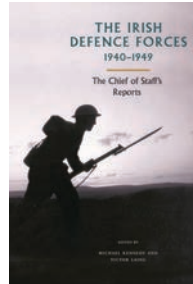
ISBN 978-1-874280-39-2, vi + 154 pp, €25, 1985

*Francis M. Carroll is Professor Emeritus at the University of Manitoba, Canada*

Two twentieth-century commemorative editions will be published in 2015: **Letters to and from internment camps in Ireland, 1920–1921** edited by William Murphy and **British perspectives on the 1916 Rising** edited by Deirdre McMahon. See page 3 for more information.

## The Irish Defence Forces 1940–1949: the Chief of Staff's reports

Michael Kennedy and Commandant Victor Laing, *editors*



This edition presents the 'General Report on the Army' for the years 1940–9 and brings into print a primary source for World War II and the years immediately following. World War II saw Ireland rapidly expand its military forces to meet the global crisis and defend the state in the event of invasion. The Chief of Staff of the Defence Forces, Lieutenant General Dan McKenna,

reported annually to Minister for Defence Oscar Traynor on the forces under his command.

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ISBN 978-1-906865-06-1, li + 855 pp, €75, 2011

*Michael Kennedy is executive editor of the Royal Irish Academy's series Documents in Irish Foreign Policy and Victor Laing was formerly the Officer in Charge, Military Archives*

## Arrangements for the integration of Irish immigrants in England and Wales

by Anthony E. C. W. Spencer. Mary E. Daly, *editor*



This is the first publication of a report commissioned by the International Catholic Migration Commission (ICMC) on Irish immigrants in England and Wales and the response to that report from the Catholic Social Welfare Bureau (CWSB) which had responsibility for the religious and moral welfare of Irish immigrants. The report was prepared for the ICMC by Anthony

Spencer when he was director of the Newman Demographic Survey (NDS). Though the report was prepared for presentation to the ICMC's congress in Ottawa in August 1960, it was never presented there, nor published by Spencer following the de-classification of all NDS reports and papers in 2005.

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ISBN 978-1-906865-11-5, xviii + 136 pp, €35, 2012

*Anthony Spencer was the former director of the Newman Demographic Survey and a lecturer at Queen's University, Belfast. Mary E. Daly is a professor of history at University College Dublin.*

**The Eoin MacNeill Lecture 2012: The Reformation and the Grand Narrative: the archive and the writing of the English Reformation**

Eamon Duffy



The biennial Eoin MacNeill Lecture was established by the Irish Manuscripts Commission in 2011 and the inaugural lecture was given on 8 October 2012. The lecture provides an opportunity for an Irish audience to hear distinguished scholars from outside Ireland talk about the place of archives and primary sources more generally in their work.

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ISBN 978-1-874280-62-0, x + 199 pp, €25, 1972

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